

Installation Guide

16/24-Port Gigabit Easy Smart Switch

TL-SG1016DE/TL-SG1024DE

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FCC STATEMENT

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

CE Mark Warning



This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.



Related Document

The User Guide of the product is provided on the resource CD. To obtain the latest product information, please visit the official website:

<http://www.tp-link.com>

About this Installation Guide

This Installation Guide describes the hardware characteristics, installation methods and the points that should be attended to during installation. This Installation Guide is structured as follows:

Chapter 1 Introduction. This chapter describes the external components of the switch.

Chapter 2 Installation. This chapter illustrates how to install the switch.

Chapter 3 Lightning Protection. This chapter illustrates how to prevent lightning damage.

Chapter 4 Connection. This chapter illustrates how to do the physical connection of the switch.

Chapter 5 Configuration. This chapter instructs you to configure the switch via Web Interface.

Appendix A Troubleshooting.

Appendix B Hardware Specifications.

Audience

This Installation Guide is for:

Network Engineer

Network Administrator

Conventions

Due to the similarity in structure of the 16/24-Port Gigabit Easy Smart Switch series, in this Installation Guide we take TL-SG1016DE as an example to illustrate Chapter 2 Installation, Chapter 3 Lightning Protection and Chapter 4 Connection and Chapter 5 Configuration.

This Guide uses the specific formats to highlight special messages. The following table lists the notice icons that are used throughout this guide.

| | |
|---|---|
|  | Remind to be careful. A caution indicates a potential which may result in device damage. |
|  | Remind to take notice. The note contains the helpful information for a better use of the product. |

Contents

| | | |
|------------|-------------------------|----|
| Chapter 1 | Introduction | 01 |
| 1.1 | Product Overview | 01 |
| 1.2 | Appearance | 01 |
| Chapter 2 | Installation | 04 |
| 2.1 | Package Contents | 04 |
| 2.2 | Safety Precautions | 04 |
| 2.3 | Installation Tools | 06 |
| 2.4 | Product Installation | 07 |
| Chapter 3 | Lightning Protection | 09 |
| 3.1 | Cabling Reasonably | 09 |
| 3.2 | Connect to Ground | 11 |
| 3.3 | Equipotential Bonding | 12 |
| 3.4 | Use Lightning Arrester | 13 |
| Chapter 4 | Connection | 15 |
| 4.1 | Ethernet Port | 15 |
| 4.2 | Verify Installation | 15 |
| 4.3 | Power On | 15 |
| 4.4 | Initialization | 16 |
| Chapter 5 | Configuration | 17 |
| Appendix A | Troubleshooting | 19 |
| Appendix B | Hardware Specifications | 20 |

Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Product Overview

The 16/24-Port Gigabit Easy Smart Switch is an ideal upgrade from an unmanaged switch, designed for Small and Medium Business networks that require simple network management. Network administrators can effectively monitor traffic via Port Mirroring, Loop Prevention and Cable Test features. To optimize traffic on your business network, they offer both port and tag based QoS to keep latency-sensitive traffic moving smoothly and jitter-free. Additionally, port-based, tag-based and MTU VLAN can improve security and meet more network segmentation requirements. Moreover, with the innovative energy-efficient technology, they are eco-friendly solution for your business network.

1.2 Appearance

■ Front Panel

The front panel of TL-SG1016DE is shown as the following figure.

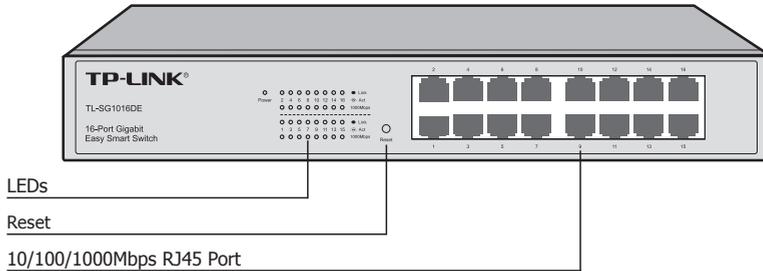


Figure 1-1 Front Panel of TL-SG1016DE

The front panel of TL-SG1024DE is shown as the following figure.

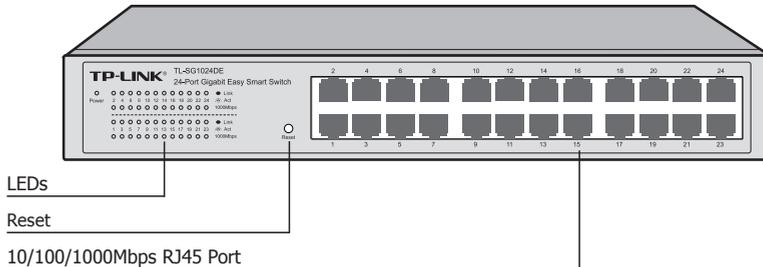


Figure 1-2 Front Panel of TL-SG1024DE

LEDs

| LED | Status | Indication |
|----------|----------|---|
| Power | On | The switch is powered on |
| | Off | The switch is powered off or power supply is abnormal |
| Link/Act | On | There is a device linked to the corresponding port but no activity |
| | Flashing | The corresponding port is transmitting or receiving data |
| | Off | There is no device linked to the corresponding port |
| 1000Mbps | On | A 1000Mbps device is connected to the corresponding port |
| | Off | A 10/100Mbps device or no device is connected to the corresponding port |

Reset

Press this button for five seconds or above to reset the software setting back to factory default settings.

10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 Port

Designed to connect to the device with a bandwidth of 10Mbps, 100Mbps or 1000Mbps. Each has a corresponding Link/Act LED and a 1000Mbps LED.

■ Rear Panel

The rear panel of TL-SG1016DE is shown as the following figure.

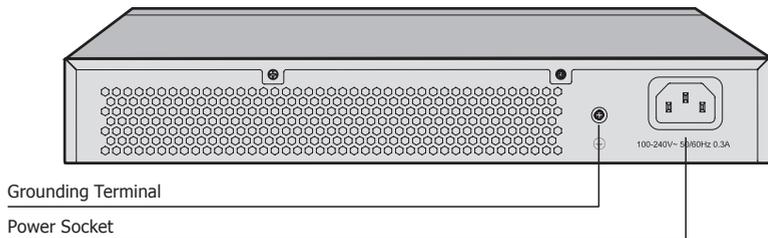


Figure 1-3 Rear Panel of TL-SG1016DE

The rear panel of TL-SG1024DE is shown as the following figure.

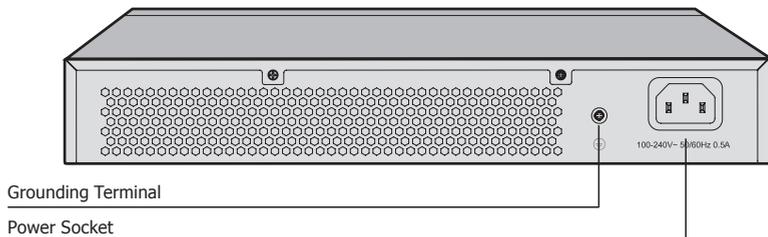


Figure 1-4 Rear Panel of TL-SG1024DE

Grounding Terminal

The switch already comes with lightning protection mechanism. You can also ground the switch through the PE (Protecting Earth) cable of AC cord or with Ground Cable. For detailed information, please refer to **Chapter 3 Lightning Protection**.

Power Socket

Connect the female connector of the power cord here, and the male connector to the AC (Alternating Current) power outlet. Please make sure the voltage of the power supply meets the requirement of the input voltage.

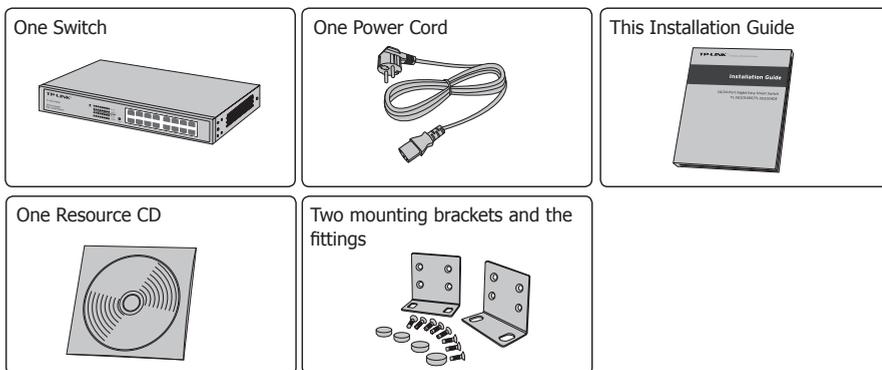


Caution: Please use the provided power cord.

Chapter 2 Installation

2.1 Package Contents

Make sure that the package contains the following items. If any of the listed items is damaged or missing, please contact your distributor.



2.2 Safety Precautions

To avoid any device damage and bodily injury caused by improper use, please observe the following rules.

■ Safety Precautions

- Keep the power off during the installation.
- Wear an ESD-preventive wrist strap, and make sure that the wrist strap has a good skin contact and is well grounded.
- Use only the power cord provided with the switch.
- Make sure that the supply voltage matches the specifications indicated on the rear panel of the switch.
- Ensure the vent hole is well ventilated and unblocked.
- Do not open or remove the cover of the switch.
- Before cleaning the device, cut off the power supply. Do not clean it by the waterish cloth, and never use any other liquid cleaning method.

■ Site Requirements

Temperature/Humidity



Please keep a proper temperature and humidity in the equipment room. Too high/low humidity may lead to bad insulation, electricity leakage, mechanical property changes and corrosions. Too high temperature may accelerate aging of the insulation materials and can thus significantly shorten the service life of the device. For normal temperature and humidity of the device, please check the following table.

| Environment | Temperature | Humidity |
|-------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Operating | 0°C ~ 40°C | 10% ~ 90%RH Non-condensing |
| Storage | -40°C ~ 70°C | 5% ~ 90%RH Non-condensing |

Cleanness



The dust accumulated on the switch can be absorbed by static electricity and result in poor contact of metal contact points. Some measures have been taken for the device to prevent static electricity, but too strong static electricity can cause deadly damage to the electronic elements on the internal circuit board. To avoid the effect of static electricity on the operation of the switch, please attach much importance to the following items:

- Dust the device regularly, and keep the indoor air clean.
- Keep the device well grounded and ensure static electricity has been transferred.

Electromagnetic Interference



Electronic elements including capacitance and inductance on the device can be affected by external interferences, such as conducted emission by capacitance coupling, inductance coupling, and impedance coupling. To decrease the interferences, please make sure to take the following measures:

- Use the power supply that can effectively filter interference from the power grid.
- Keep the device far from high-frequency, strong-current devices, such as radio transmitting station.
- Use electromagnetic shielding when necessary.

Lightning Protection



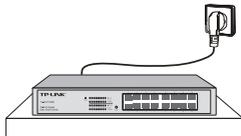
Extremely high voltage currents can be produced instantly when lightning occurs and the air in the electric discharge path can be instantly heated up to 20,000°C. As this instant current is strong enough to damage electronic devices, more effective lightning protection measures should be taken.

- Ensure the rack and device are well earthed.
- Make sure the power socket has a good contact with the ground.
- Keep a reasonable cabling system and avoid induced lightning.
- Use the signal SPD (Surge Protective Device) when wiring outdoor.



Note: For detailed lightning protection measures, please refer to **Chapter 3 Lightning Protection**.

Installation Site



When installing the device on a rack or a flat workbench, please note the following items:

- The rack or workbench is flat and stable, and sturdy enough to support the weight of 5.5kg at least.
- The rack or workbench has a good ventilation system. The equipment room is well ventilated.
- The rack is well grounded. Keep the power socket less than 1.5 meters away from the device.

2.3 Installation Tools

- Phillips screwdriver
- ESD-preventive wrist wrap
- Cables



Note: These tools are not provided with our product. If needed, please self purchase them.

2.4 Product Installation

■ Desktop Installation

To install the device on the desktop, please follow the steps:

1. Set the device on a flat surface strong enough to support the entire weight of the device with all fittings.
2. Remove the adhesive backing papers from the rubber feet.
3. Turnover the device and attach the supplied rubber feet to the recessed areas on the bottom at each corner of the device.

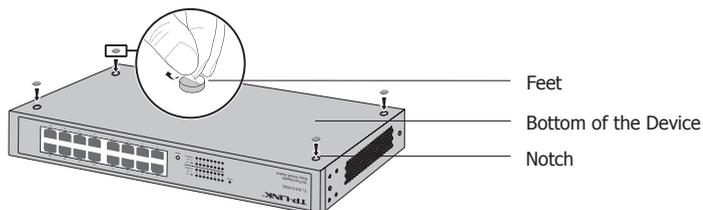


Figure 2-1 Desktop Installation

■ Rack Installation

To install the device in an EIA standard-sized, 19-inch rack, follow the instructions described below:

1. Check the grounding and stability of the rack.
2. Secure the supplied rack-mounting brackets to each side of the device with supplied screws, as illustrated in the following figure.

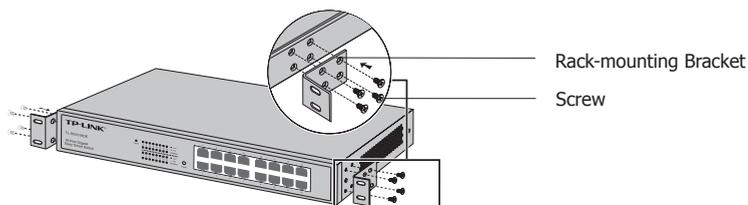


Figure 2-2 Bracket Installation

3. After the brackets are attached to the device, use suitable screws (not provided) to secure the brackets to the rack, as illustrated in the following figure.

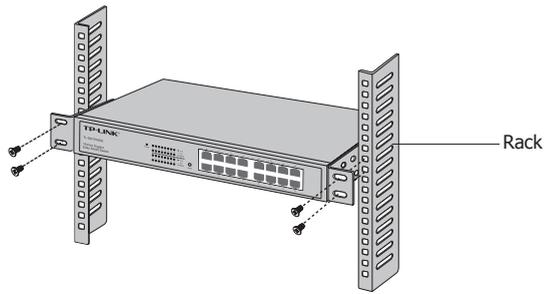


Figure 2-3 Rack Installation

**Caution:**

- Please set 5~10cm gaps around the device for air circulation.
- Please avoid any heavy thing placed on the device.
- Please mount devices in sequence from the bottom to top of the rack and ensure a certain clearance between devices for the purpose of heat dissipation.

Chapter 3 Lightning Protection

3.1 Cabling Reasonably

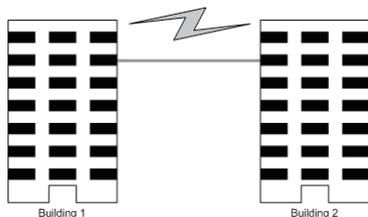
In the actual network environment, you may need cable outdoors and indoors, and the requirements for cabling outdoors and indoors are different. A reasonable cabling system can decrease the damage of induced lightning to devices.



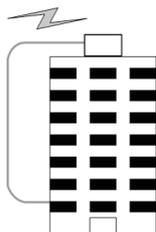
Note: It's not recommended using Ethernet cables outdoors. When cabling outdoors, please use a signal lightning arrester.

■ Requirements for Cabling Outdoors

- Aerial cabling without safeguard is not allowed.



- It's not allowed cabling down the building to connect network devices in different floors.



- Outdoor cables should be buried and paved to the indoor through basement. A piece of steel wire should be paved underground along the pipe and connected to the lightning protection terminal of the building for shielding. Before connecting the cable to the device, install a signal lightning arrester on the corresponding port.
- When an aerial cable is set up, the cable should be through a metal pipe (15m long at least) before coming into the building. The two ends of this metal pipe should be grounded. Before connecting the cable to the device, install a signal lightning arrester on the corresponding port.
- It's not necessary to pave STP cables through pipes. The shielded layer of STP cable should be well grounded. Before connecting the cable to the device, install a signal lightning arrester on the corresponding port.

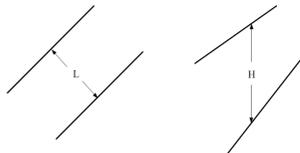
■ Requirements for Cabling Indoors

When cabling indoors, keep a certain distance away from the devices that may cause high-frequency interferences, such as down-conductor cable, powerline, power transformer and electromotor.

- The main cable should be paved in the metal raceway of the access shaft. When cabling, keep the loop area formed by the cable itself as small as possible.
- Requirements for the distance between Ethernet cable and other pipelines are shown in the table.

| Other Pipelines | Ethernet Cable | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | Min Parallel Net Length L (mm) | Min Parallel-overlapping Net Height H (mm) |
| Down-conductor | 1000 | 300 |
| PE | 50 | 20 |
| Service pipe | 150 | 20 |
| Compressed air pipe | 150 | 20 |
| Thermal pipe (not wrapped) | 500 | 500 |
| Thermal pipe (wrapped) | 300 | 300 |
| Gas pipe | 300 | 20 |

The two diagrams below demonstrate parallel net length and parallel-overlapping net height.



Note: The above minimum net length/height is required when metal raceway is not used. If any requirements cannot be met, you can add a steel tube or metal raceway for shielding.

- Requirements for the distance between Ethernet cable and high-power electric devices are in following tables.

| Cable | Pave Way | Min Parallel Length (mm) |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------|
| <2kVA powerline | Parallel cabling | 130 |
| | One is in the grounded metal raceway or metal pipe | 70 |
| | The both are in the grounded metal raceway or metal pipe | 10 |

| Cable | Pave Way | Min Parallel Length (mm) |
|------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 2~5kVA powerline | Parallel cabling | 300 |
| | One is in the grounded metal raceway or metal pipe | 150 |
| | The both are in the grounded metal raceway or metal pipe | 80 |
| >5kVA powerline | Parallel cabling | 600 |
| | One is in the grounded metal raceway or metal pipe | 300 |
| | The both are in the grounded metal raceway or metal pipe | 150 |

| Device | Min Distance (m) |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Switch case | 1.00 |
| Transformer room | 2.00 |
| Elevator tower | 2.00 |
| Air-conditioner room | 2.00 |

3.2 Connect to Ground

Connecting the device to ground is to quickly release the lightning over-voltage and over-current of the device, which is also a necessary measure to protect the body from electric shock.

In different environments, the device may be grounded differently. The following will instruct you to connect the device to the ground in two ways, connecting to the grounding bar or connecting to the ground via the power cord. Please connect the device to ground in the optimum way according to your specific operation environment.

■ Connecting to the Grounding Bar

If the device is installed in the Equipment Room, where a grounding bar is available, you are recommended to connect the device to the grounding bar as shown in the following figure.

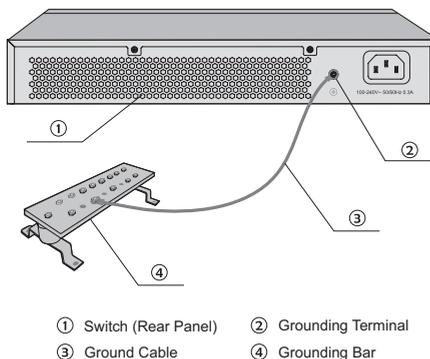


Figure 3-1 Connecting to the Grounding Bar



Note: The grounding bar and the ground cable are not provided with our product. If needed, please self purchase them.

■ Connecting to the Ground via the Power Supply

If the device is installed in the normal environment, the device can be grounded via the PE (Protecting Earth) cable of the AC power supply as shown in the following figure.

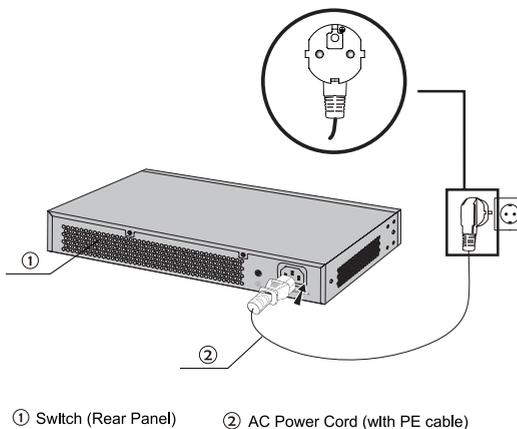


Figure 3-2 Connecting to the Ground



Note:

- The figure is to illustrate the application and principle. The power plug you get from the package and the socket in your situation will comply with the regulation in your country, so they may differ from the figure above.
- If you intend to connect the device to the ground via the PE (Protecting Earth) cable of AC power cord, please make sure the PE (Protecting Earth) cable in the electrical outlet is well grounded in advance.

3.3 Equipotential Bonding

Equipotential Bonding is the practice of intentionally electrically connecting all earthed systems to the same grounding grid or connecting the grounding grids of all the earthed systems together through the ground or overground metal so as to create an earthed equipotential zone. When lightning occurs, the high voltage produced by lightning current in all systems will meanwhile exist in their ground cables, and thus all ground cables have the same electrical potential and basically eliminate the electric strikes between the systems.

The figure below illustrates how to practice equipotential bonding in a network.

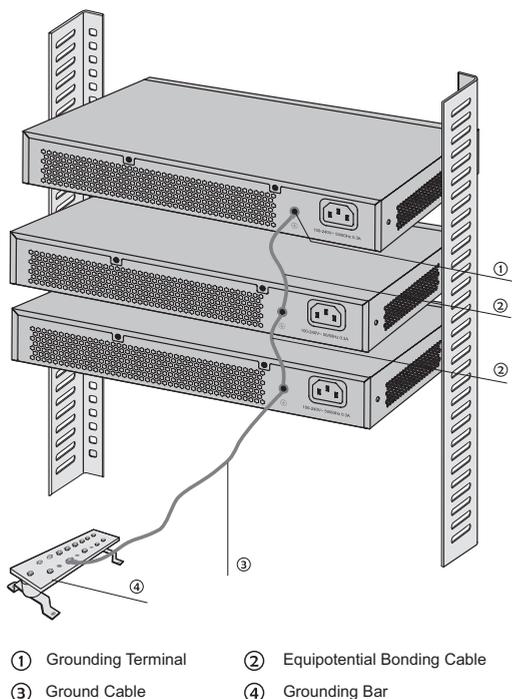


Figure 3-3 Equipotential Bonding

When equipotential bonding, please note that the cable should be copper wrapped Kelly with its area being 6mm^2 at least. The shorter cable the better, and use a grounding bar to establish an equipotential bonding point.



Note: The equipotential bonding cable and ground cable are not provided with our product. If needed, please self purchase it.

3.4 Use Lightning Arrester

Power lightning arrester and signal lightning arrester are used for lightning protection.

Power lightning arrester is used for limiting the voltage surge due to a lightning. If an outdoor AC power cord should be directly connected to the device, please use a power lightning arrester.



Note: Power lightning arrester is not provided with our product. If needed, please self purchase it.

Signal lightning arrester is used to protect RJ45 ports of the device from lightning. When cabling outdoors, please install a signal lightning arrester before connecting the cable to the device.

When purchasing or using a signal lightning arrester, please observe the following rules:

- The port rate of the signal lightning arrester should match the rate of the desired port on the device. If it is not matched, this signal lightning arrester will not work. Purchase a standard lightning arrester.
- Install signal lightning arrester near the protected device and connect it to the ground via a shorter ground cable.

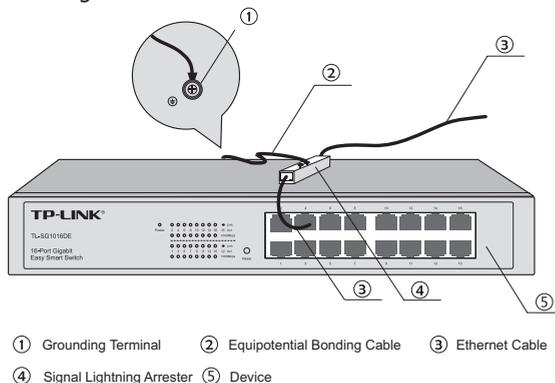


Figure 3-4 Lighting Arrester Connection



Note: Signal lightning arrester is not provided with our product. If needed, please self purchase it.

Chapter 4 Connection

4.1 Ethernet Port

Connect a Ethernet port of the switch to the computer by RJ45 cable as the following figure shows.

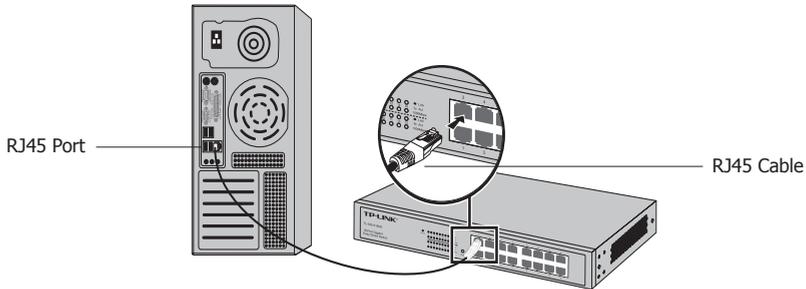


Figure 4-1 Connecting the RJ45 Port

4.2 Verify Installation

After completing the installation, please verify the following items:

- There are 5~10cm of clearance around the sides of the device for ventilation and the air flow is adequate.
- The voltage of the power supply meets the requirement of the input voltage of the device.
- The power socket, device and rack are well grounded.
- The device is correctly connected to other network devices.

4.3 Power On

Plug in the negative connector of the provided power cord into the power socket of the device, and the positive connector into a power outlet as the following figure shows.

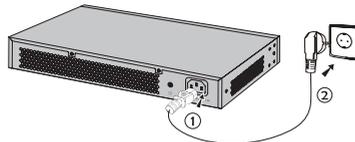


Figure 4-2 Connecting to Power Supply



Note: The figure is to illustrate the application and principle. The power plug you get from the package and the socket in your situation will comply with the regulation in your country, so they may differ from the figure above.

4.4 Initialization

After the device is powered on, it begins the Power-On Self-Test. A series of tests run automatically to ensure the device functions properly. During this time, its LED indicators will respond as follows:

- The Power LED indicator will light on all the time.
- After keeping off for several seconds, the LED indicators of all the ports will flash momentarily and then turn off again after the initialization.

Chapter 5 Configuration

1. To access the GUI of the switch, open a web browser and type the default management address `http://192.168.0.1` in the address field of the browser, then press the Enter key.

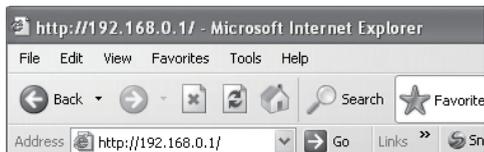


Figure 5-1 Web Browser



Note: To log on to the GUI of the switch, the IP address of your PC should be set in the same subnet addresses of the switch. The IP address is 192.168.0.x ("x" is any number from 2 to 254), Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0.

For the detailed instructions as to how to do this, please refer to Appendix B in the User Guide on the Resource CD.

2. Enter admin for the default User Name and Password, both in lower case letters. Then click the Login button or press the Enter key.

A screenshot of the TP-LINK login page. The page has a dark header with the "TP-LINK" logo. Below the header, there are two input fields: "User Name:" with the text "admin" entered, and "Password:" with "*****" entered. Below these fields are two buttons: "Login" and "Clear".

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Figure 5-2 Login

3. After a successful login, the main page will appear as the following figure, and you can configure the function by clicking the setup menu on the left side of the screen.

The screenshot displays the TP-LINK Easy Smart web interface. On the left is a navigation menu with options: System, VLAN, QoS, Save Config, and Logout. The main content area is titled 'System Information' and contains a table with the following data:

| Device Type | TL-SG1016DE |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| MAC Address | 00:10:18:55:44:4b |
| IP Address | 192.168.0.1 |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Gateway | 192.168.0.1 |
| FirmWare Version | 1.2.0 Build 201211218 Rel.38758 |
| HardWare Version | TL-SG1016DE 1.0 |

Below the table, there is a 'Device Description' field containing 'TL-SG1016DE' and an 'Apply' button. At the bottom left, the copyright notice reads: Copyright © 2012 TP-LINK Technologies Co., Ltd. All rights reserved.

Figure 5-3 Main Page of the Switch

Appendix A Troubleshooting

Q1. What could I do if I forgot the username and password of the Switch?

With the switch powered on, press the Reset button for at least 5 seconds to reset the system. The system will be reset to the factory default settings, and the default login user name and password are both admin.

Q2. Why does the Power LED work abnormally?

The Power LED should be lit up when the power system works normally. If the Power LED worked abnormally, please take the following steps:

1. Make sure that the power cable is connected properly, and the power contact is normal.
2. Make sure the voltage of the power supply meets the requirement of the input voltage of the switch.

Q3. What could I do if I could not access the web-based configuration page?

You are recommended to check the following items:

1. Check every port LED on the switch and make sure the cable is installed properly.
2. Try another port on the switch and make sure the cable meets the requirement and works normally.
3. Turn off the power. After a while, turn on the power again.
4. Make sure the IP address of your PC is set within the subnet of the switch.
5. If you still cannot access the configuration page, please restore the switch to its factory default. Then the IP address should be set as 192.168.0.x ("x" is any number from 2 to 254) and Subnet Mask as 255.255.255.0.

Appendix B Hardware Specifications

| Item | Content |
|-----------------------|--|
| Standards | IEEE 802.3 |
| | IEEE 802.3i 10Base-T |
| | IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX |
| | IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T |
| | IEEE 802.3x Flow Control |
| | IEEE 802.1p QoS |
| | IEEE 802.1q VLAN |
| Transmission Medium | 10Base-T: UTP/STP of Cat. 3 or above (maximum 100m) |
| | 100Base-TX: 2-pair UTP/STP of Cat. 5 or above (maximum 100m) |
| | 1000Base-T: 4-pair UTP/STP of Cat. 5, Cat. 5e and Cat. 6 or above (maximum 100m) |
| LEDs | Power, 1000Mbps, Link/Act |
| Operating Temperature | 0°C~40°C |
| Storage Temperature | -40°C~70°C |
| Operating Humidity | 10%~90%RH Non-condensing |
| Storage Humidity | 5%~90%RH Non-condensing |

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